



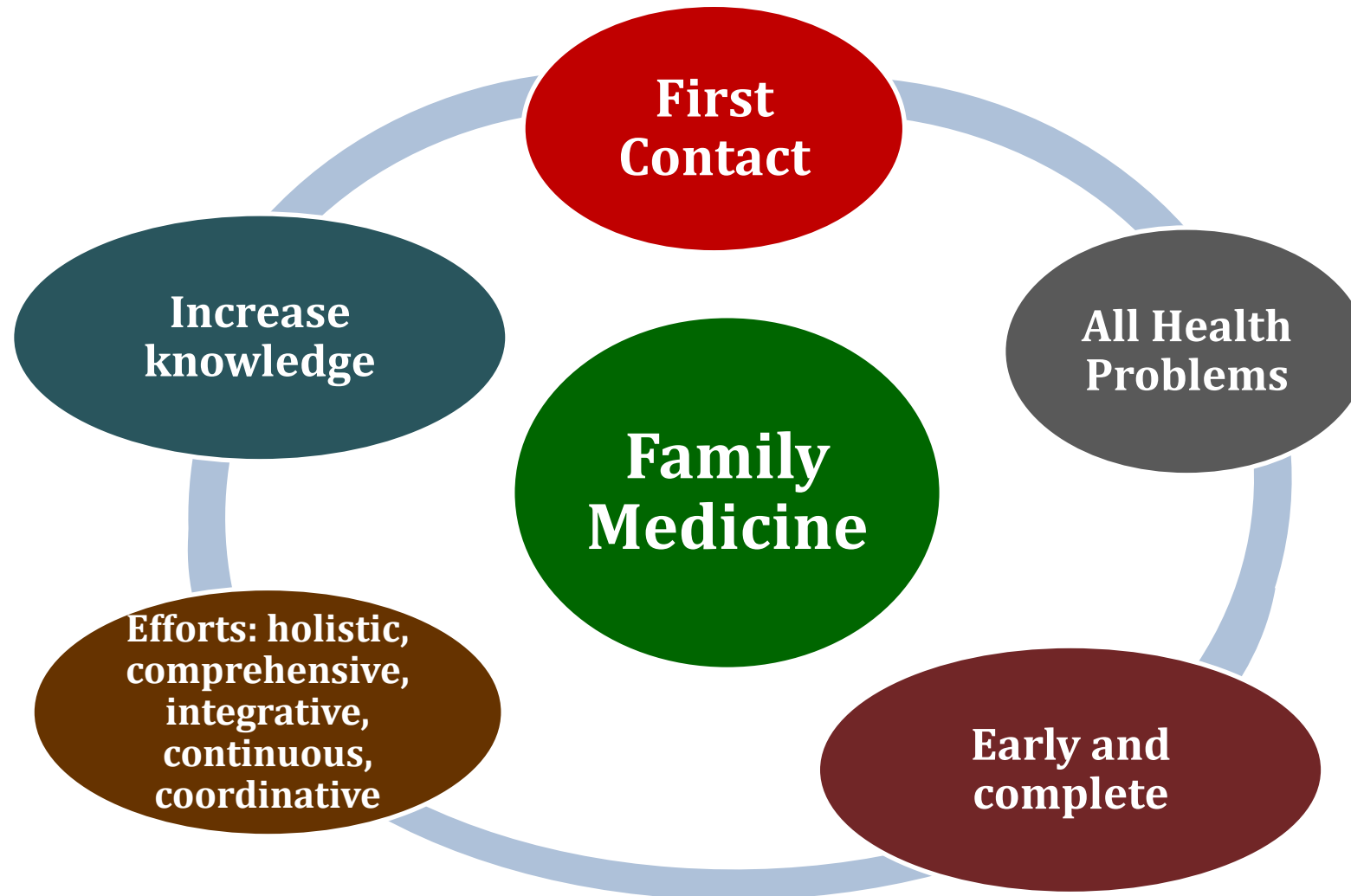
FAMILY MEDICINE HEALTH SERVICE APPROACH MODEL

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Concept of Family Medicine



Characteristics of Family Medicine

First contact, open access →
not just for patients

Efficient use of resources →
coordinative service

Person-centred approach

Effective communication

Continuous service

Based on prevalence and incidence

Manage diseases simultaneously →
acute & chronic

Managing the disease with
intervention as soon as possible

Health promotion with effective and
efficient interventions

Responsible

Health problems of all dimensions

Principle of Family Medicine

Comprehensive with a holistic approach

Continuous

Priority prevention

Coordinative and collaborative

Service to the individual is an integral part of the family

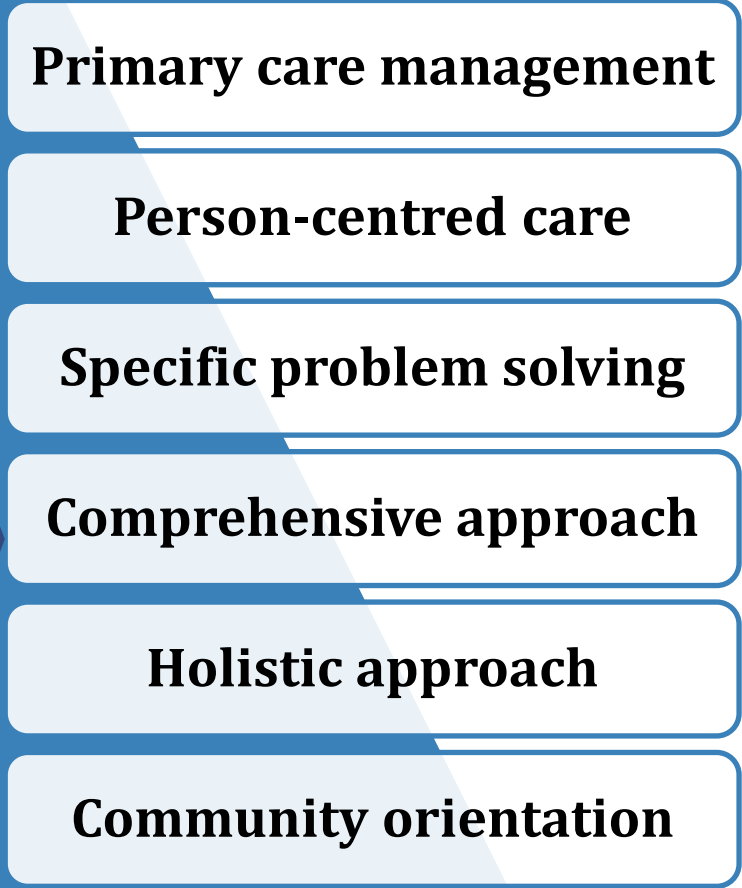
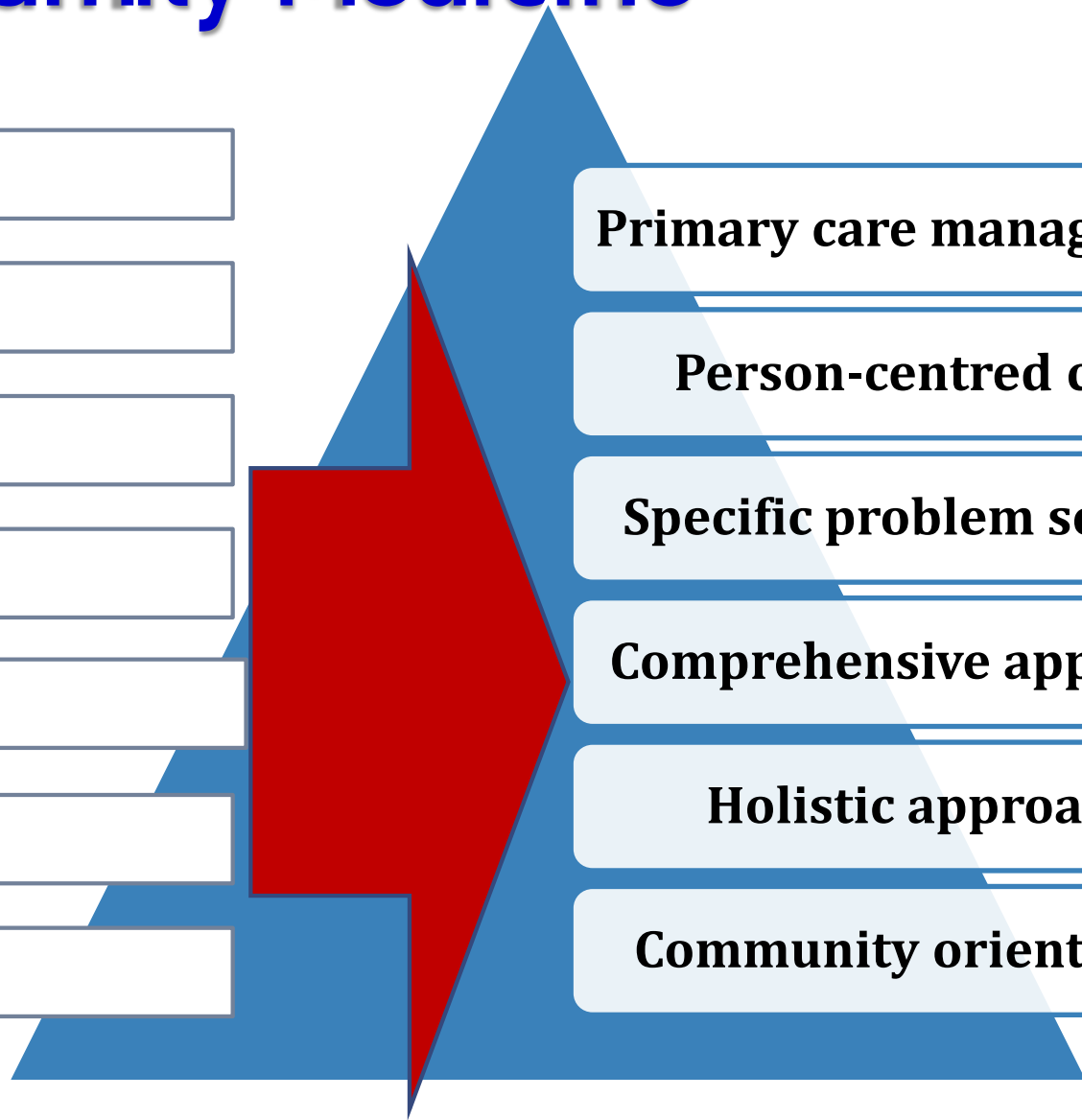
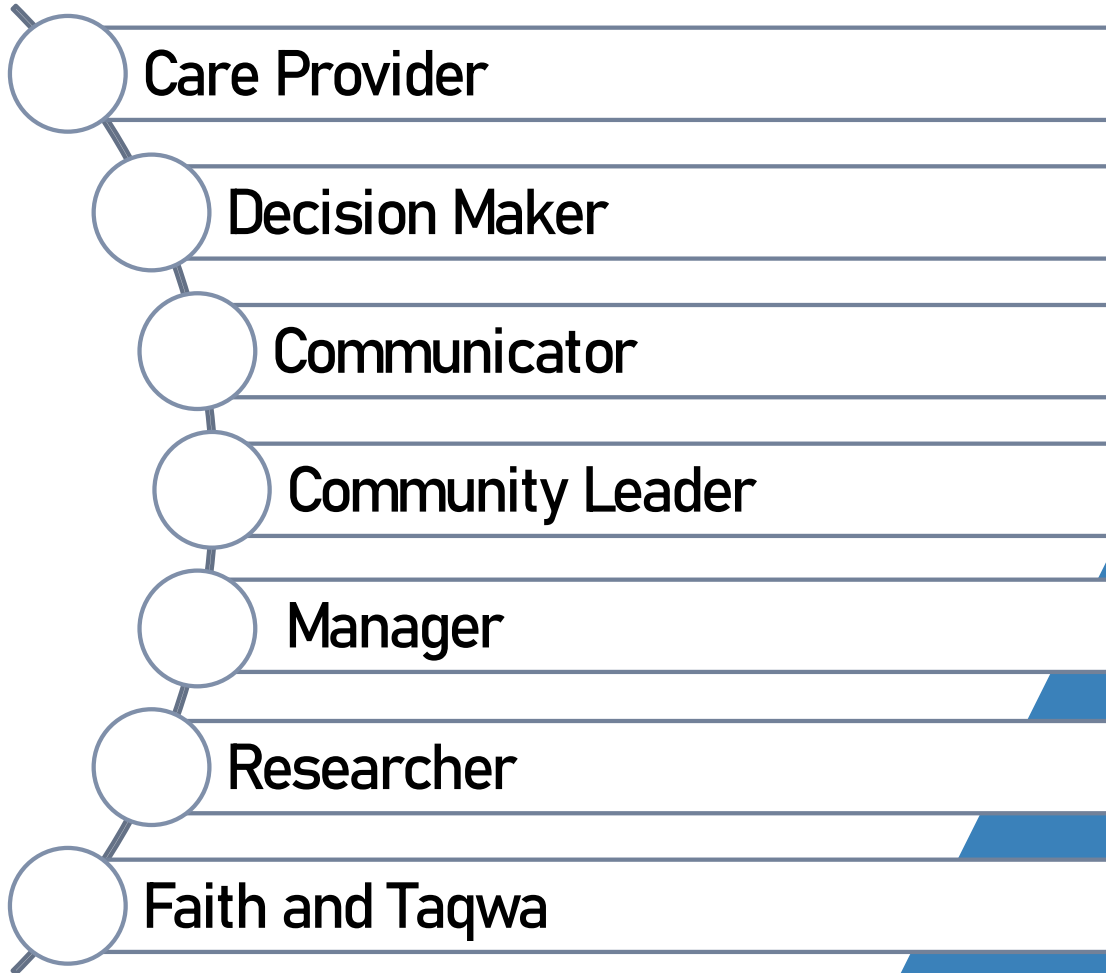
Consider family, community, community, environment

Conscious on ethical, moral and legal

Conscious on cost and quality

Audit and responsibility

Competence of Family Medicine



Primary health care →
complete, everything and
quality

Quick diagnosis → fast and
precise

Active medical services

Medical services to
individuals and families

Fostering the patient's family

Treatment of acute and
chronic diseases

Early stage treatment in
severe cases

Task of Family Medicine

Responsible for the referred
patient

Monitor the referring patient

As partners, advisors and
consultants for patients

Coordination of health services

Conduct a medical record

Conduct a research

Main Value of Family Physician Services

1. Health services are not only in the clinical consultation room but also at home and other service settings

Holistic comprehensive approach

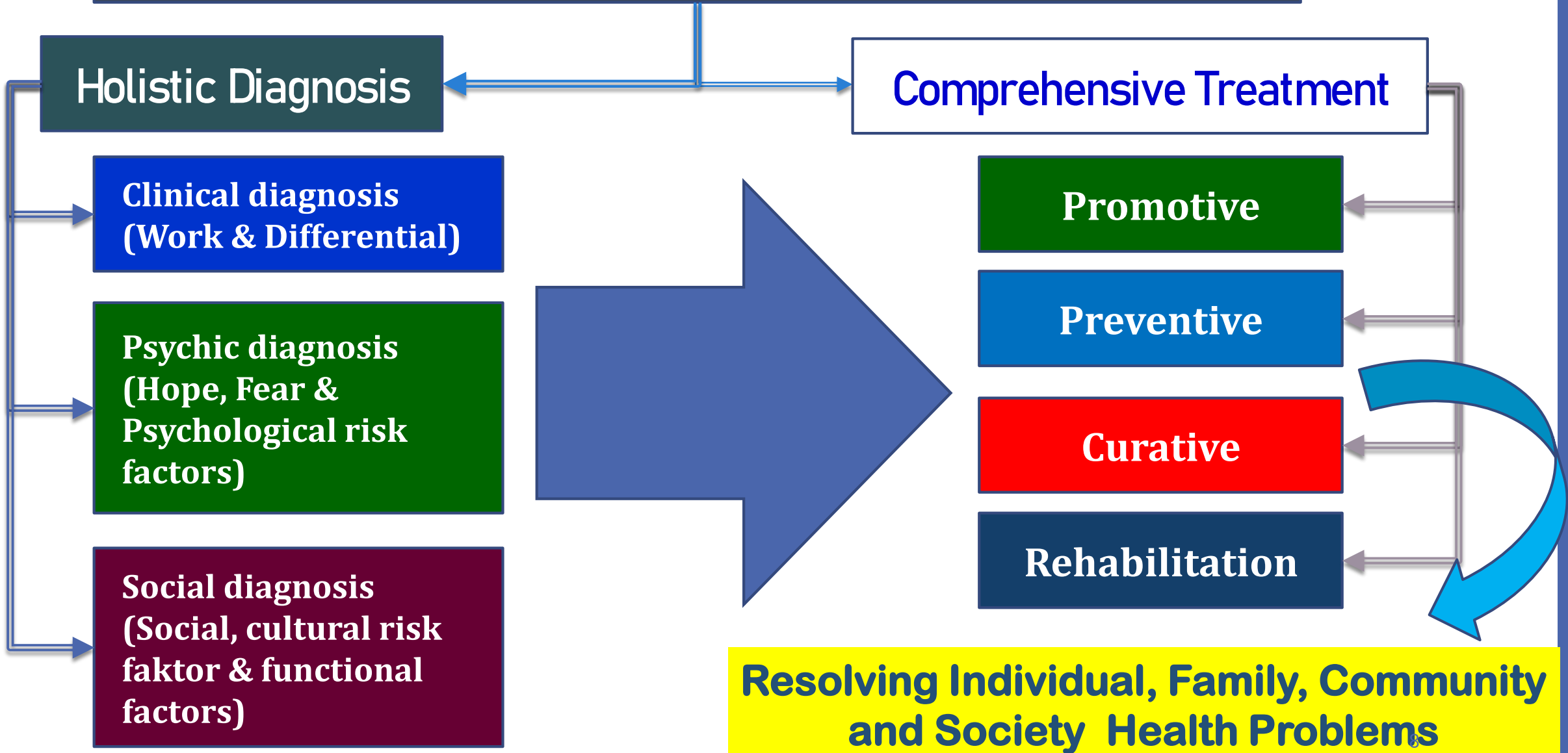
1. Preventive Medicine

All age

Patient-centered service

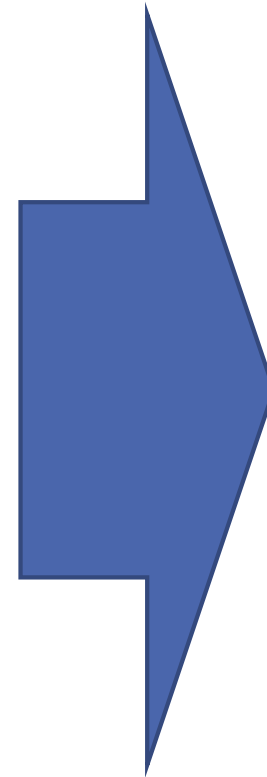
Special attention to doctor-patient relationships

HOLISTIC COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH



Family Doctor Service Standards

1. Health services in the clinic (Medical, Plenary, Comprehensive, Integrated, Continuous)
2. Behavior in practice (Patients, Partners, Doctors, Science & Skills Development, Community Participation)
3. Management of practice (Resources, clinical management, financial management)
4. Facilities and infrastructure (Practice, clinical equipment, practice supporting processes)



- Hospital based
- Family clinic
- Family practice

The Family Medicine Approach is not a Theory, but
a Real Activity to Realize The Competence of Doctors
and Must Be Implemented in Health Services.

*Thank you for your attention,
see you next lecture*